

Mandukya Upanishad Class 75

Gowdapadha first established the glory of Brahma vidya by refuting sankya, naiyayika, bowdha philosophers. Thereafter he presented the example of fire brand, establishing brahma sathyam jagat mithya; adwaidam sathyam dwaiddam mithaym. Then he presented, in 75th to 82nd verses vedanta sara; now he is entering into the cause of samsara and its remedy.

Our fundamental problem is ignorance of adwaidam or thuriya agyanam. Thuriya atma is the highest reality or paramarthika sathyam and it is the ignorance of this adwaidam is the cause of problem. Ignorance by itself does not cause any problem; it is bliss; in deep sleep when we are totally ignorant, we don't feel any problem. Ignorance is a problem when it is associated with its product. Product of ignorance is erroneous or false perception. When adwaidam is not known, adwaida agyanam is there and then followed by mithya dwaidda prabhanja error. This is aboodha abineshaha. False duality is adboodham because it is really nonexistent. This really nonexistent dwaiddam is aboodham. Because of agyanam there is mithya dwaiddam which is not that much of a problem; but strong attachment to mithya dwaiddam in the form of raga or dwesha it becomes the cause of the problem. There are so many dwaidda padhartha in the world who

are
regularly dying.

This intense attachment is called
abinisheha; this attachment is not towards thuriyum but
towards mithya
dwaidam. Attachment towards a situation or object or person
causes
samsara. If this is samsara karanam; gyanam must come.
through the
gyanam agyanam must go. Once agyanam goes away, mithya
dwaidam will be
understood as mithya. Once dwaidam is understood as mithya
there will not
be raga or dwesha. When raga and dwesha are absent, there is
no cause for
sorrow. An object of raga causes sorrow because of its
departure and
separation; an object of dwesha causes sorrow by its arrival.
Every ragha
dwesha is a potential sorrow by arrival or departure. Raga
dwesha
elimination takes place with mithyatva dharshanam. Mithyata
dharshanam
takes place only when agyanam goes away. Agyanam goes away
only with
gyanam.

But gyanam itself is not sufficient;
it must be converted into gyana nishta; If gyanam must help
during crises it
must be converted to gyana nishta which requires long
sravanam, longer manam
and longest nidhithyasanam. Vedanta is not a crash program.
Gyana
nishta is important because even after gaining gyanam a person
continues to

live in this world a person lives in this world because of the power of prarabtha karma. Prarabtha will rectify only by getting dhukkam and sugam; Sugam and Dhukkam is not possible without contacting the world. Therefore, every gyani will have to experience dwaida prabhanja even after gyanam. The moment he perceives the world, I come down from thuriyum to viswa. We have to put on the vesham or viswa taijasa. The moment you become viswa or taijasa the ahangara is invoked bringing thoughts and worries about family etc. Vishwa vesham brings many attributes and the moment the attributes, the samsari I is invoked all the knowledge goes away.

Invocation of ahangara is the easiest event, like the river flowing downwards. Invocation of thuriyum I is difficult like uphill task. A vedantin should think that I am thuriyam, but putting on the roles of father etc. But usually we think we are father and for an hour or so convert the viswa into our nature. But the truth is thuriya must be seen as my nature; all other should be seen as a temporary causing role. This conversion is gyana nishta. Constantly seeing fatherhood is a temporary role you play. These are the roles you play because of prarabtham. Once you understood this, then you will not be obsessed with the role, but those roles must roll away.

The real baghawan is thuriyum.

He is always covered during our transactions. Forgetting thuriyum is the most effortless job. Remembering my real nature is the most difficult job. It is remembered with difficulty. If I have to remember thuriyum in and through transactions, it is possible only with gyana nishta. A causal approach to vedanta will not work.

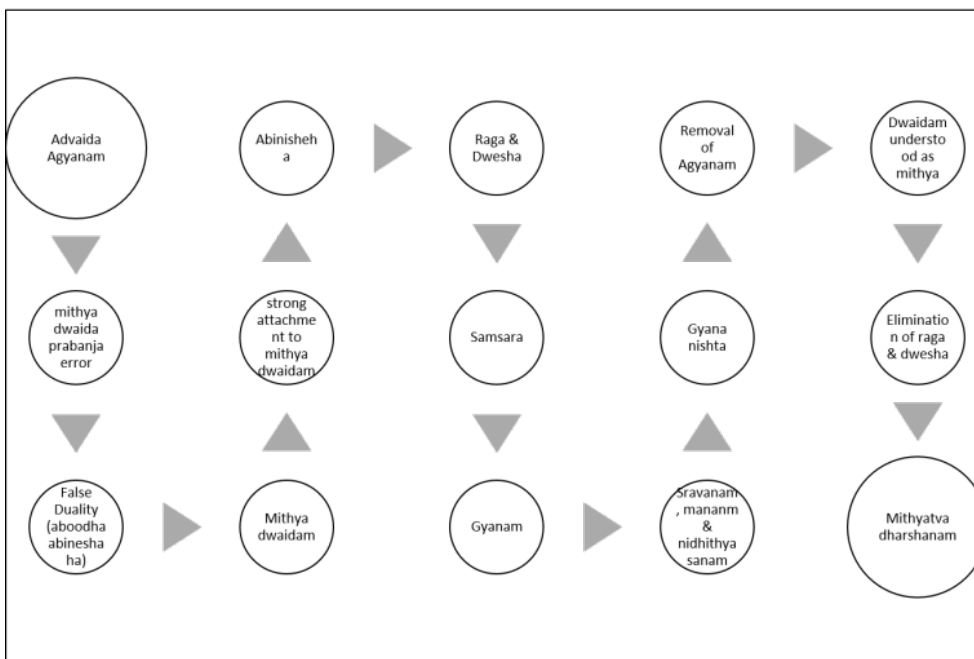
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The problem of thuriyum getting covered is not just for the ordinary people, but also for the great philosophers. The only difference is what covers the thuriyum. For the lay people the thuiryum covering happens because of worldly thoughts. For philosophers and scientists, it is varieties of philosophical thoughts cover thuriyum. they have their own misconception. Every misconception regarding thuiryum and atma will become a covering problem. Four types of philosophers in this sloka and they all have wrong notion:

1. Naiayika philosophers or nyaya vaishesika: Asthi meaning that there is atma other than body, that atma is kartha and boktha; therefore, constantly changing.
2. Yogachara philosophers: Nasthi: There is no atma other than momentary consciousness. It doesn't have change. To talk about change, a thing has to exist in the past and in the present. Consciousness exist for just a moment.

3. Jainist philosophers: Asthi, nasthi: Atma exists only in living being and does not exist in other places. Atma is the size of the body. During samsara kala atma is changing. During moksha atma is changeless.
4. Mathyamika philosophers: Nasthi, nasthi: Atma is absolutely nonexistent.

Because of these wrong notions, thuriyum is covered. These are childish people holding on to wrong notion.



After gaining gyanam a person continues to live in this world because of the power of prarabtha karma. Prarabtha will fructify only by getting dhukkam and sugam; Sugam and Dhukkam is not possible without contacting the world. Therefore every gyani will have to experience dwaidda prabhanja even after gyanam.

Gyana Nishta
Gyana nishta is required because even after gaining knowledge we will have to transact with the world because of prarabtha. Invocation of ahangara is the easiest event, like the river flowing downwards. Invocation of thuriyum is difficult and uphill task. Thuriya must be seen as real nature; all other should be seen as temporary roles. This conversion is gyana nishta. Constantly seeing fatherhood is a temporary role you play. These are the roles you play because of prarabtham. Once you understood this, then you will not be obsessed with the role. Forgetting thuriyum is the most effortless job. Remembering my real nature is the most difficult job. It is possible only with gyana nishta. A causal approach to vedanta will not work. One should be extremely alert when raga dwesha takes over and remember the jagradh prabhanja is mithya and I am playing transient roles I am playing because of prarabtha. If this is not practiced, we will slip down very easily.